Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)
Objectives

- Compare the Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA)/No Child Left Behind (NCLB) and ESSA
- Identify the most substantive changes
- Preview what Maryland is doing to prepare for the transition and the new law
- Gather input for Maryland’s plan to implement the new law
Timeline and Implementation for ESSA

- Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) 1965
- No Child Left Behind (NCLB) 2001
- ESSA was signed into law on December 10, 2015
- Current ESEA waivers expire August 1, 2016
- School year 2016-2017 is a transition year
- New ESSA provisions go into effect for the 2017-2018 school year
- Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2016 competitive and formula funding will flow through ESEA construct for school year 2016-2017; FFY 2017 dollars will flow through ESSA construct (in schools for 2017-2018 school year)
What is in ESSA?

- Significant improvement over current law
- Maintains federal role, but emphasizes that this role is to support/strengthen, not to dictate/prescribe
- Returns pendulum of federal overreach and prescription back to states and locals
Substantive Changes
Federal v. State and Local Control in ESSA

Federal
- English Learners (ELs)
- Identification of Low-Performing Schools
- Testing Schedule

State and Local
- Accountability Goals
- Interventions and Support
- Assessment Options
- Standards
## Standards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NCLB/ESEA Flex</th>
<th>ESSA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Academic content standards in ELA, Math, and Science</td>
<td>“Challenging State Academic Standards” aligned with State's higher education requirements for credit-bearing coursework and state career and technology standards.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flex required States to adopt college and career-ready standards that are common to a significant number of States or the State had to adopt college and career-ready standards that have been approved and certified by a State network of institutions of higher education (IHE).
## Assessments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NCLB/ESEA Flex</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Must test in 3-8 and once in High School (HS) in ELA and Math</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Must test once in each grade band (3-5, 6-8, and HS) in Science</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Everyone must use the same assessment in each grade level</td>
<td>Local Education Agency (LEA) can use nationally recognized tests at the high school level with State approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>States are required to meet 95 percent participation and all non-test takers are counted as basic</td>
<td>States are still required to meet a 95 percent participation rate, but State determines consequences for not meeting 95 percent for LEAs/schools</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Innovative Assessment Pilot
### Accountability

<table>
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<tr>
<td>States were bound to Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) with Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs) to meet 100 percent proficiency by 2014</td>
<td>States choose their own goals, both long and short term addressing proficiency on assessments, EL proficiency and grad rates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under Flex, states were required to have more than two indicators</td>
<td>Three academic indicators which include achievement, another academic indicator (grad rates at HS level possibly student growth at Elementary School/Middle School), and EL proficiency; plus a fourth “non academic” indicator measuring school quality or student success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>States determine the weight of each indicator although academic indicators must carry “much greater weight” than non-academic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ninety-five percent participation must be part of State Accountability System</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Additional **Reporting** Requirements for State Report Card

- For all students and disaggregated by each subgroup of students, *homeless status*, status as a child in *foster care*, and status as a student with a parent who is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty, information on student achievement on the academic assessments at each level of achievement.
Additional **Reporting** Requirements for State Report Card

- Per-pupil expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, including **actual personnel** expenditures and **actual nonpersonnel** expenditures of Federal, State, and local funds, **disaggregated** by source of funds, **for each local educational agency and each school** in the State for the preceding fiscal year.
### Low Performing Schools

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Schools either met AYP or did not- then consequences were determined by number of years NOT making AYP</td>
<td>States determine goals (AMOs) and consequences for not meeting goals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority Schools (bottom 5 percent of achievement)</td>
<td>Identify bottom 5 percent of schools AND Identify high schools with graduation rates &lt; 67 percent (Comprehensive Schools)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus Schools (top 10 percent of largest gaps)</td>
<td>Schools with consistently underperforming subgroups (Targeted Schools)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowest Performing schools were required to choose from seven Turnaround Strategies</td>
<td>For comprehensive schools, LEAs determine evidence-based interventions with State approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All strategies and interventions must be “research-based”</td>
<td>All strategies and interventions must be “evidence-based”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Teachers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under Flex, States were required to create statewide Teacher Principal Evaluation systems with a student growth element</td>
<td>States may choose to develop a Teacher Principal Evaluation system and may use Title II, Part A funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teachers were required to be Highly Qualified</td>
<td>States determine teacher qualifications- Teachers in Title I schools must meet State certification/licensure requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>States must describe how low-income and minority children enrolled in Title I Schools “are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, and inexperienced teachers…”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## English Learners (EL)

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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Accountability for ELs determined under Title III</td>
<td>Accountability for ELs determined under Title I</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A State may exempt a recently arrived EL student from one annual administration of the State’s reading/language arts assessment</td>
<td>With respect to recently arrived ELs who have been enrolled in a school in the US for less than 12 months, a state may select to exclude ELs from taking the Reading/Language Arts assessment the first year they are in the country; <strong>OR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulations also require that recently arrived EL students participate in mathematics assessments</td>
<td>EL students take assessments and publicly report, but test scores will not count toward a school’s rating in the first year with subsequent plans in years 2 and 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students continue to be a part of the EL subgroup for two years after completing the EL program</td>
<td>Formerly identified EL students may be identified in the EL subgroup for up to four years after completion of the EL program</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Under NCLB and ESSA, States may always include Recently arrived ELs (RAELs) in content assessments and accountability systems in the same way as all other students, starting with their initial enrollment in U.S. schools.

ESSA delineates two additional options for RAEL inclusion in State assessment and accountability systems.
RAELs – Option 1

- State may exclude a RAEL from one administration of the State annual reading/language arts (R/LA) assessment under Title I, which each State must administer to all students in each of grades 3-8 and at least once in high school (no exclusion from math assessment).

- In this option, a State may:
  - Exclude a RAEL from one administration of the R/LA assessment and exclude the results of the RAEL on the R/LA for the purposes of Title I accountability for the first year of the student’s enrollment in U.S. schools; and
  - Include the results (i.e., achievement/proficiency) of RAELs on the R/LA and mathematics assessments for the purposes of accountability after the student has been enrolled in a school in the US for at least one year.
RAELs – Option 2

- A State must assess an RAEL in the student’s first year enrolled in U.S. schools on the State R/LA and mathematics assessments under Title I and report results for that RAEL.

- For the purposes of accountability, under this option, States may:
  - exclude the results of RAELs on the R/LA and mathematics assessments in the first year;
  - include these RAELs only in a measure of student growth in the student’s second year; and
  - include the proficiency/achievement of these RAELs on the R/LA and mathematics assessments in the third year and thereafter.
Transition Process

√ Develop MSDE’s Internal ESSA team
  ■ Began January 2016

√ Develop ESSA Stakeholder Engagement Committee
  ■ Committee meets bimonthly
  √ Initial Meeting March 24, 2016
  ■ Next Meeting May 26, 2016

☐ Schedule, meet with, and gather input from Focus Groups
☐ Conduct surveys
☐ Synthesize feedback
Timeline

**2016**
- Develop Transition Team, meeting monthly
- Participate in training and info sessions as available (ongoing)
- Conduct Stakeholder Engagement, meeting bimonthly
- Develop draft accountability goals and State plan
- Schedule Focus Groups
- Conduct Surveys
- Share progress on plan with State Board
- Review and incorporate U. S. Dept. of Ed. regulations as available
- Fine-tune State ESSA Plan based on regulations
- Submit State Plan

**2017**
Maryland’s Team

ESSA/ESEA Transition

Karen Salmon

Liz Kameen
Heather Lageman

Federal Liaison
Debra Lichter

Title I/Div. Rep
Maria Lamb

Title II/Div. Rep
Cecilia Roe

Communications
Laura Molin

Title III
Susan Spinnato

State Government
Amanda Conn

Academic Policy/Div.
Rep and Title IV
Mary Gable

Accountability
Chandra Haislet

Finance
Donna Gunning

Teacher Principal Eval.
Dave Volraath

DECE Div. Rep

SE/EIS Div. Rep

Ed. Effectiveness
Div. Rep

Assessment
Doug Strader

Consultant Groups

PSSAM
MABE
MSEA/BTU
SBOE
Governor’s Office
ELL Stakeholder

MAESP
MBRT
MDPTA
DLS
Guiding Questions:

Note to the presenter: Use this slide to add specific question(s) for the group to gather input either during the meeting or after depending on the time available.
Questions?