

What are Charter Schools?

Charter schools-like traditional public schools- are tuition-free and their students must participate in statewide testing programs; however, they are schools of choice, which means that parents can and must choose to enroll their children. Charter schools are created through an agreement or "charter" typically between the school, community organization, and the local district school board. This charter gives the school more flexibility

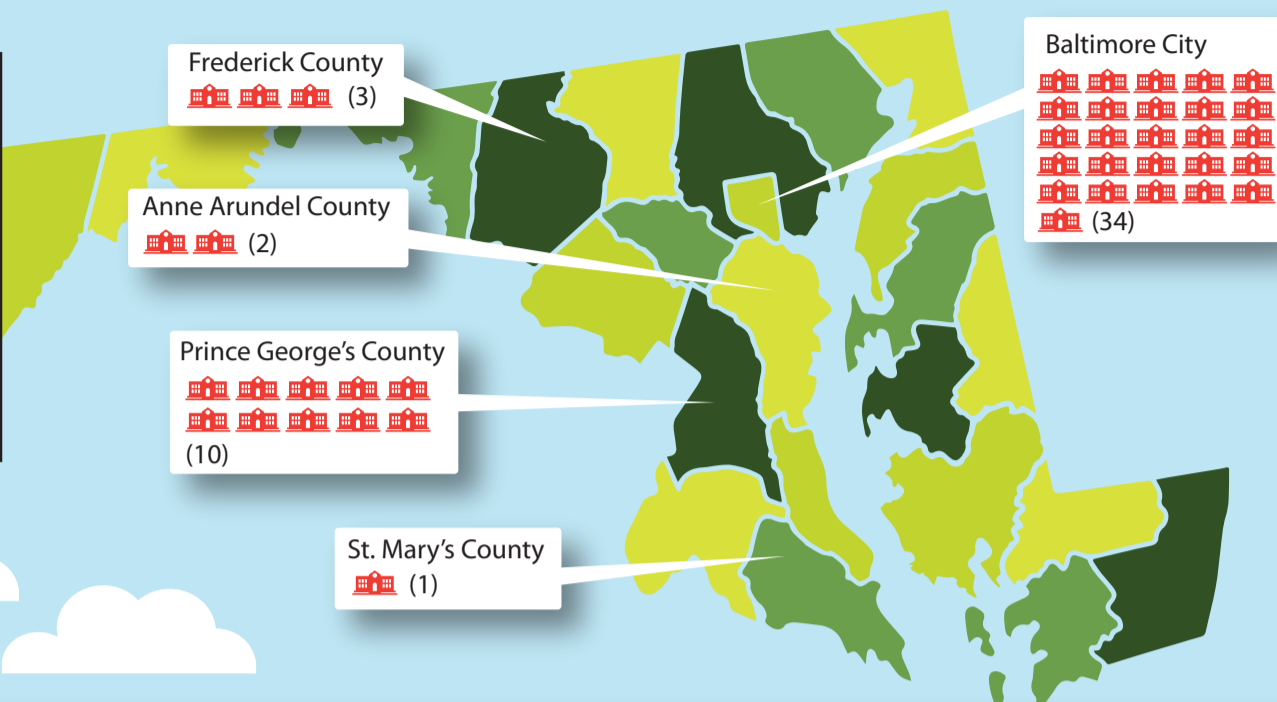
compared to traditional public schools in return for a commitment to certain academic results. Since 2003, Maryland charter schools have played a key role in increasing parental options in public education and providing innovative learning opportunities for students.

During the 2017-18 school year, over 20,000 students were enrolled in 50 public charter schools, run by 31 non-profit organizations in Maryland, in five Local School Systems across the State. Some charter schools include themed learning approaches focusing on areas such as arts, sciences, and technologies. Other charter schools provide services to special populations such as students at risk of academic failure or students with disabilities.

CHARTER SCHOOLS 2017-2018

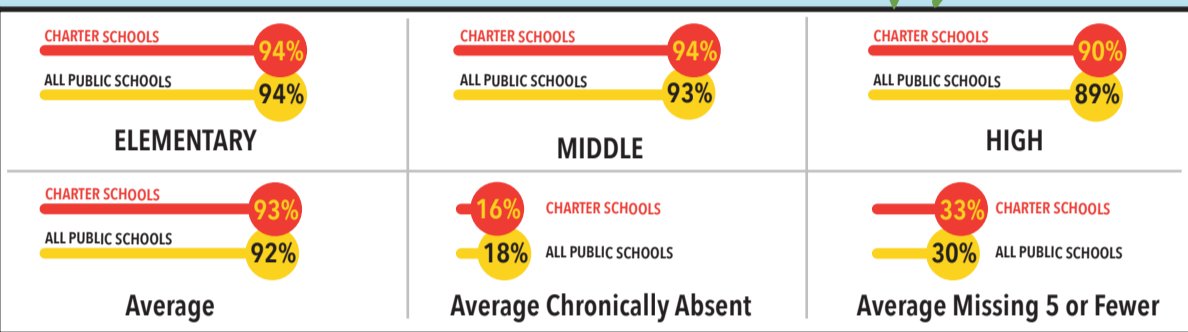
50 Public Charter Schools

5 Local School Systems



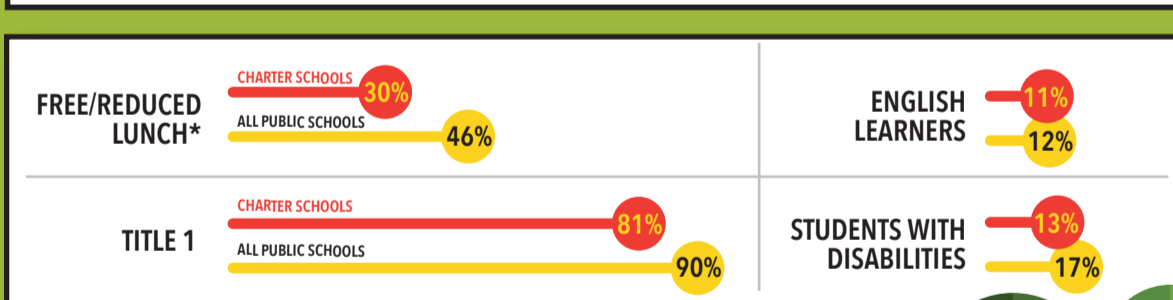
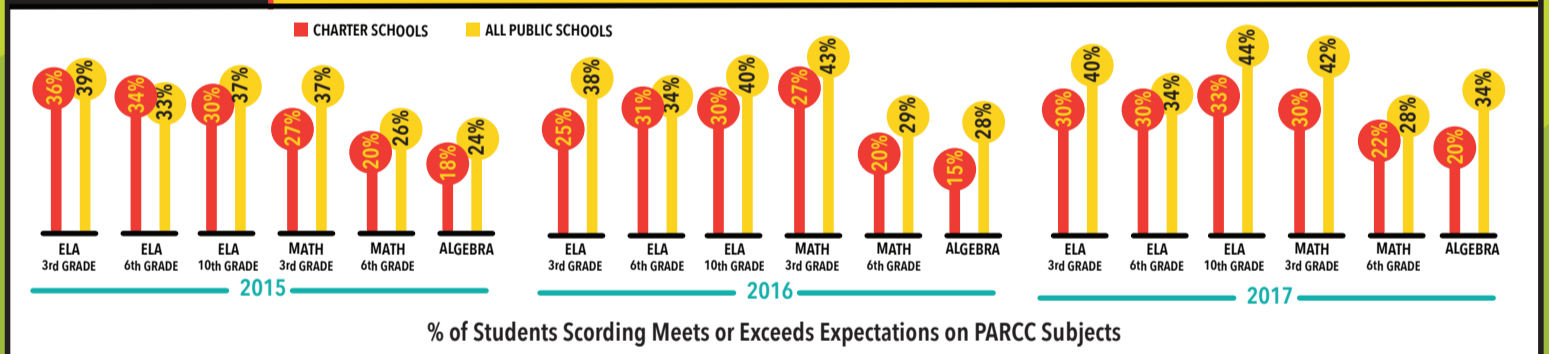
ATTENDANCE

In 2017, charter schools in Maryland had on average fewer chronically absent students and more students missing 5 days or fewer than their district counterparts.



TEST SCORES

In the three years that PARCC has been administered, more students in traditional district schools have met or exceeded expectations at the 3, 6, and 10th grade levels. However, some levels have seen improvement in the charter sector from 2015 to 2017.



SPECIAL SERVICES

Maryland charter schools served fewer students with special services than in other district schools in 2017.

* Baltimore City is not included in the calculation.

