

Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Update Title I

ESSA Stakeholder Committee March 24, 2016

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Every Student Succeeds Act

 Signed into law by President Obama on December 10, 2015



Title I: Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged

- Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by Local Education Agencies (LEA)
- Part B: State Assessment Grants
- Part C: Education of Migratory Children
- Part D: Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth who are Neglected or Delinquent
- Part E: Flexibility for Equitable Per-Pupil Funding
- Part F: General Provisions



Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by Local Educational Agencies

In 2016-17 the funding formula and the required reservations remain the same.

Beginning with 2017-18 the funding increases authorized to be appropriated continue through FY 2020.



What's New in 2016?

- For SY 2016-2017 continue to implement programs under ESEA rules, with a few exceptions
 - Support for Foster Care Students
 - Identification of Priority and Focus Schools
 - Highly Qualified Teacher requirements



What's New in 2017-2018?

Each state must have a State Plan

- Stakeholder Input
- Standards and Assessments
- Performance Goals
- Accountability
- Support to Schools



What's New in 2017-2018?

Mandatory Set Aside

7 percent for school improvement

Optional Set Aside

3 percent for direct services



What's New in 2017?

 State identification of schools that need support and interventions

State develops exit criteria for identified schools



Comprehensive Support

- 5 percent of all Title I schools that are the lowest performing
- All public high schools in the state failing to graduate one third or more of their students
- Other: Any school receiving notification that a subgroup on its own would have led to identification as a comprehensive school



Comprehensive Support

- State approves school improvement plans
- Evidence-based interventions approved by the State
- Public School Choice
- Improve conditions for student learning



Targeted Support

- Any school served by the LEA in which any subgroup of students is consistently underperforming.
 - LEA provides direct support
 - LEA oversees school improvement plan
 - Evidence-based interventions approved by the LEA
 - Support by the LEA to address resource inequities

What's New in 2017?

Repeated references to enhance:

- Support for high schools and early childhood
- Meaningful family involvement
- Support for foster care students (2016)
- Program offerings through flexibility in Title I schools
- Collaboration across other Federal programs



What's New in 2017?

- Title I Application will build in more accountability
 - Monitor student progress
 - Identify at-risk students
 - Implement evidence-based strategies
 - Identify and address disparities of teacher distribution to high poverty schools
 - Address the overuse of some disciplinary practices

Part C: Education of Migratory Children

No substantive changes in this part.

 Continue to serve Migrant students in two summer centers on the Eastern Shore.



Part D:

Prevention and Intervention Programs to Support Children and Youth who are Neglected or Delinquent

Subpart I

 Education programs for students enrolled in institutions, community daycare programs, and adult corrections institutions

Subpart 2

 LEA programs that involve collaboration with locally operated correctional facilities



Questions



